Progressive Revelation and Dispensationalism

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There are many who believe that Jesus Christ essentially taught *Old* Testament religion right up *until* the very end of His ministry, at which time He introduced His "New Commandment" to love one another—and thereby *substituted* "love" **in place of** God's law. Such an idea is totally unscriptural!

Others believe an *equally false* concept. They say that Christ preached Old Testament religion for His **entire** ministry, and that His teachings have *no relevance for Christians*! Christ's teachings, they say, have "no relevance," because *the way to salvation* supposedly became "totally **changed**"! They say it was "changed" either *by* Christ's crucifixion—or, as some say, *by* the teachings of Paul.

In his book *Primitive Christianity in Crisis*, author Alan Knight states the following: "...dispensationalism [is] the modern justification for rejecting Jesus' earthly ministry [that is, rejecting Christ's teachings]."

What is "dispensationalism"? Basically, it is a religious teaching that the history of mankind is divided into a series of *divinely appointed eras*. It is said that God is testing mankind *in different ways*, according to *which* specific "era" God was (or is) dealing with. Some dispensationalists divide history into 3 or 4 eras, whereas many teach that there are 7 eras.

Yet, regardless of the number of eras, it seems that most all dispensationalists include some form of the following *two* eras: (1) The era of *the law* (which is generally said to have existed from the giving of the law at Mt. Sinai up until the time of Christ's crucifixion), and (2) The era of *grace*.

Unger's Bible Dictionary says this about the "era of grace": "This period *began* with the death and resurrection of Christ... The point of testing [in this era] is *no longer* legal obedience to the law as a condition for salvation, but *acceptance or rejection of Christ...*" (1966, p. 269).

Now, if you think about it, that is an *outlandish* teaching! It essentially says that for a period of about 1,500 years, mankind had to obey supposedly *harsh laws* as a means of attaining salvation; whereas ever *since then*, all that one has to do to gain salvation is to accept Christ! How could anyone believe in such an *unfair* God?!

Now, back to Alan Knight's book. Speaking of "dispensationalism," he says this: "This modern doctrine, espoused by *most* of Protestant evangelicalism, argues that **portions** *or* all of Jesus' earthly ministry are part of the Old Testament and therefore have *no* relevance for Christians."

Again, that is a ridiculous doctrine—that much (or all) of what Christ Himself taught was done away as soon as He was crucified! Doesn't scripture tell us that "Jesus Christ is the same yesterday, today, and forever"?! (Heb. 13:8). Jesus Christ is alive today—living within true

Christians (Gal. 2: 20; Rom. 8: 9-10). And, He lives, within them, the *same* life of **obedience** to God's spiritual law that He lived 2,000 years ago! (Phil. 2: 8).

Continuing, Mr. Knight explains that "they use this [teaching of dispensationalism in order] **to reject** the many *lawful* teachings of Jesus' earthy ministry." Also, he refers to a "veritable explosion' of antinomian [anti-law] teaching within evangelicalism beginning in the 1980s."

Numerous Proofs

Let's now consider numerous reasons and proofs why it is *false* to teach that "Christ taught Old Testament religion—whereas Paul and others in the New Testament taught a *different* way to salvation."

First of all, there is no way to salvation except *through* Jesus Christ. Almost 30 years after Christ's crucifixion, Peter said the following, concerning Christ: "Nor is there salvation **in any other**, for there is no other name under heaven given among men by which we must be **saved**" (Acts 4:12).

Furthermore, *after* Christ's crucifixion, Paul warned of those who would come preaching "another Jesus" (II Cor. 11:4). And that is exactly what professing Christianity does today—they falsely preach a Christ who came to do away with His Father's commandments!

Yet, the fact is, Jesus Christ was *obedient* to God's spiritual law—and He **taught** obedience to God's law! Did all that *end* at the crucifixion? No! More than a week *after* Christ's resurrection from the dead, the resurrected Christ gave parting *instructions* to His disciples "that **repentance** and remission of sins should be preached in His name **to all nations**" (Luke 24: 47). (See the article on this website entitled "Repentance.")

So... did the apostles follow Christ's instructions? Did they, in fact, go forth and preach a message of repentance?

Just weeks after Christ's crucifixion, on the annual day of Pentecost, notice what *Peter* preached: "Then Peter said to them, "**Repent**, and let every one of you be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins..." (Acts 2:38). It was Peter, again, who said, "**Repent** therefore and be converted, **that** your sins may be blotted out..." (Acts 3:19). Peter also said that God gives His Holy Spirit "to those who **obey** Him" (Acts 5:32).

Yes, Peter taught the *same* message of repentance and obedience as did Christ. In fact, Peter said to "arm yourselves also with the **same mind**" as Christ (I Peter 4:1). He said that Christ is our "**example**, that you should **follow** His steps" (I Peter 2:21).

What about James? Did he, after Christ's crucifixion, teach a message of *obedience* to God's law? James said, "faith **without** works is dead" (James 2:20). He also said, "a man is justified by works, and **not** by faith **only**" (verse 24).

How about Paul? Paul said, "Imitate me, just as I also imitate Christ" (I Cor. 11:1). Yes, Paul imitated Christ, and instructs us to do likewise. So, since we are to imitate Christ—and Christ lived in obedience to God's law—then that clearly means that we too are to obey God's spiritual law!

Paul likewise said, "Let this **mind** be in you which was also in Christ Jesus" (Philip. 2: 5). And, Paul continued, in verse 8, explaining what *kind* of mind Christ had—a mind that was "**obedient** to *the point of* death."

Yes, Paul *imitated* Christ's obedient life... and Paul **taught** adherence to God's law! Yet, despite Paul's strong *endorsement* of God's spiritual law, many people insist that Paul was guided by God to "liberate" mankind *from* the law!

Notice the following excerpt from a modern Dispensationalist tract:

"Apparently God allowed this system of Jewish ordinances to be practiced about thirty years **after** Christ fulfilled it because in His patience, God only *gradually* showed the Jews how it was that His program was *changing*...Thus it was that after God had *slowly* led the Christians out of Jewish religion He had **Paul** finally write these glorious, *liberating* truths" (Maurice Johnson, *Saved by 'Dry' Baptism!*, pp. 9-10).

Here we get a strong sense that, inherent in this dispensationalist mentality, is the idea of "progressive revelation"... the idea that God, long ago, began dealing with the primitive Israelites—giving them *laws* to live by. Then, as time passed, God moved in a more advanced fashion, by *first* giving us Jesus Christ, and *then*, as we progress through the New Testament, we come to the writings of *Paul*—who showed God's more perfect will—that we be *liberated from* law... finally arriving at God's *ultimate* way of salvation—that of "grace **without** law."

Obvious ERRORS in the Concept of "Progressive Revelation"

- (1) It *ignores* the many scriptures where Paul plainly taught **obedience** to God's law! (See the article "Did Paul Do Away With God's Law?")
- (2) It *ignores* the fact that Paul says we should *imitate* Christ... which means that—since Christ *obeyed* God's law—we should too!
- (3) It *ignores* the fact that *if it were true* that God's will is "progressively" revealed in the Bible, then our *primary* teachings would come from *John's* writings—*not* Paul's—since John's three epistles *and* the book of Revelation were all written *after* Paul died!

Having already looked at the *endorsement* of God's law by Peter, James, and Paul, let's now look at John's writings. In fact, let's specifically look at what John wrote *after* Paul's death.

What did John say is the very *definition* of "sin"? "...sin **is** the transgression of the **law**" (I John 3:4, *KJV*). Does that sound like John thought that God's law had been done away?!

Consider I John 5:3— "For **this is** the **love** of God, that we **keep** His commandments. And His commandments are **not** burdensome."

In Revelation 14: 12, John describes the saints (that is, Christians) as "those who **keep** the commandments of God..." In Rev. 12: 17, John *again* refers to Christians as those "who **keep** the commandments of God..."

Finally, notice that John says the following: "He who says he abides in Him [in Christ] ought himself also to walk **just as** He [Christ] walked" (I John 2:6).

Conclusion

In conclusion, there are those who *wrongly* believe that Christ taught Old Testament religion for His entire ministry, and that **after His crucifixion** the New Testament shows that a "new way" is revealed. Yet, those who believe this should consider the following: **PETER** said that Christ is **our "example,"** and that we "should follow His steps." **PAUL** said that we should "**imitate** Christ," and to "Let this mind **be in you** which was also in Christ Jesus"—a mind that was "**obedient** to *the point of* death." And it was **JOHN** who said that we should "walk **just as** He [Christ] walked." And, *how* did Christ walk? He lived a life of **obedience** to God's spiritual law!

Addendum:

The following question could be asked: Since the **Old Covenant** was not *completely* abolished until Christ's crucifixion, does that mean that Jesus Christ—while on earth—preached an Old Covenant message? No! Jesus Christ came as "the Mediator of the **new** covenant"! (Heb.12:24). Christ is "Mediator of a **better** covenant" (Heb. 8: 6). The *final* book of the Old Testament records a promise of the coming of "the Messenger of the covenant" (Mal. 3:1). And, that is obviously speaking of the NEW Covenant—which had already been prophesied back in Jeremiah chapter 31: "Behold, the days are coming,' says the LORD, 'when I will make a **new** covenant..." (verse 31).

"Just as *Moses* was the mediator of the Old Covenant made at Mt. Sinai, so *Christ* is the mediator of the New Covenant. And just as His [Christ's] marriage with Israel at Mt. Sinai set up the *physical* kingdom of Israel, so the marriage of the Church to Christ will set up the *spiritual* Kingdom of God. Thus, the good news of that coming marriage actually is the Gospel Jesus preached—the coming Kingdom of God [Mark 1:14]! ... The Gospel of the Kingdom of God [which Christ preached] contains the *terms and conditions* for entering into the **New Covenant** agreement with Jesus Christ... Keeping God's spiritual law as defined in the Ten Commandments is one of the *conditions of* the **New Covenant** [the *other* condition being acceptance of Jesus Christ and His shed blood]" ("The Plain Truth About the Old and New Covenants," *Ambassador College Bible Correspondence Course*, Lesson 17, 1983).

References:

Primitive Christianity in Crisis, Alan Knight, pp. 321, 324, 340, 345-346